IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

TODD L. COOK,)	4:13CV3215
)	
Petitioner,)	
)	
V.)	MEMORANDUM
)	AND ORDER
MICHAEL KENNEY, Director, and)	
DIANE SABATKA-RINE, Warden,)	
)	
Respondents.)	

I. INITIAL REVIEW OF HABEAS CORPUS PETITION

Petitioner has filed a Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus. (Filing No. 1.) The court has conducted an initial review of the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus to determine whether the claims made by Petitioner are, when liberally construed, potentially cognizable in federal court. Condensed and summarized for clarity, Petitioner has asserted one claim: Petitioner was sentenced to a mandatory term of life imprisonment when he was a minor in violation of the Eighth Amendment.

Liberally construed, the court preliminarily decides that Petitioner's claim is potentially cognizable in federal court. However, the court cautions that no determination has been made regarding the merits of the claim or any defenses to it or whether there are procedural bars that will prevent Petitioner from obtaining the relief sought.

II. MOTION FOR STAY

Petitioner has filed a motion to stay this matter because he has filed "a subsequent Motion for Postconviction Relief in State Court." (Filing No. <u>5 at CM/ECF p. 1.</u>) A stay and abeyance of a federal habeas corpus petition is only appropriate in "limited circumstances." *Rhines v. Weber*, <u>544 U.S. 269, 277 (2005)</u>. A court may order a stay and abeyance only when there is good cause for the petitioner's failure to exhaust his

claims in state court, the claims are not "plainly meritless," and the petitioner has not "engaged in intentionally dilatory litigation tactics." <u>Id. at 277-278</u>.

Here, Petitioner did not address whether the claim he has raised in his habeas corpus petition is unexhausted in state court and, if so, whether there is "good cause" for failure to exhaust the claim in state court. The court will not grant a stay of this matter based solely on Petitioner's statement that he has filed a "subsequent" motion for post-conviction relief in state court. Accordingly, his motion for a stay will be denied without prejudice to reassertion.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that:

- 1. Upon initial review of the habeas corpus petition (Filing No. 1), the court preliminarily determines that Petitioner's claim, as set forth in this Memorandum and Order, is potentially cognizable in federal court.
- 2. The Clerk of the court is directed to mail copies of this memorandum and order and the petition to Respondent and the Nebraska Attorney General by regular first-class mail.
- 3. By **June 2, 2014**, Respondent shall file a motion for summary judgment or state court records in support of an answer. The Clerk of the court is directed to set a pro se case management deadline in this case using the following text: **June 2, 2014**: deadline for Respondent to file state court records in support of answer or motion for summary judgment.
- 4. If Respondent elects to file a motion for summary judgment, the following procedures shall be followed by Respondent and Petitioner:
 - A. The motion for summary judgment shall be accompanied by a separate brief, submitted at the time of the filing of the motion.

- B. The motion for summary judgment shall be supported by such state court records as are necessary to support the motion. Those records shall be contained in a separate filing entitled: "Designation of State Court Records in Support of Motion for Summary Judgment."
- C. Copies of the motion for summary judgment, the designation, including state court records, and Respondent's brief shall be served upon Petitioner *except* that Respondent is only required to provide Petitioner with a copy of the specific pages of the record which are cited in Respondent's brief. In the event that the designation of state court records is deemed insufficient by Petitioner, Petitioner may file a motion with the court requesting additional documents. Such motion shall set forth the documents requested and the reasons the documents are relevant to the cognizable claims.
- D. No later than 30 days following the filing of the motion for summary judgment, Petitioner shall file and serve a brief in opposition to the motion for summary judgment. Petitioner shall submit no other documents unless directed to do so by the court.
- E. No later than 30 days after the filing of Petitioner's brief, Respondent shall file and serve a reply brief. In the event that Respondent elects not to file a reply brief, he should inform the court by filing a notice stating that he will not file a reply brief and that the motion is therefore fully submitted for decision.
- F. If the motion for summary judgment is denied, Respondent shall file an answer, a designation and a brief that complies with terms of this order. (See the following paragraph.) The documents shall be filed no later than 30 days after the denial of the motion for summary judgment. Respondent is warned that the failure to file an

answer, a designation and a brief in a timely fashion may result in the imposition of sanctions, including the release of Petitioner.

- 5. If Respondent elects to file an answer, the following procedures shall be followed by Respondent and Petitioner:
 - A. By **June 2, 2014,** Respondent shall file <u>all</u> state court records that are relevant to the cognizable claims. *See*, *e.g.*, Rule 5(c)-(d) of the *Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases in the United States District Courts*. Those records shall be contained in a separate filing entitled: "Designation of State Court Records In Support of Answer."
 - B. No later than 30 days after the filing of the relevant state court records, Respondent shall file an answer. The answer shall be accompanied by a separate brief, submitted at the time of the filing of the answer. Both the answer and brief shall address all matters germane to the case including, but not limited to, the merits of Petitioner's allegations that have survived initial review, and whether any claim is barred by a failure to exhaust state remedies, a procedural bar, non-retroactivity, a statute of limitations, or because the petition is an unauthorized second or successive petition. *See*, *e.g.*, Rules 5(b) and 9 of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases in the United States District Courts.
 - C. Copies of the answer, the designation, and Respondent's brief shall be served upon Petitioner at the time they are filed with the court *except* that Respondent is only required to provide Petitioner with a copy of the specific pages of the designated record which are cited in Respondent's brief. In the event that the designation of state court records is deemed insufficient by Petitioner, Petitioner may file a motion with the court requesting additional documents. Such motion

shall set forth the documents requested and the reasons the documents are relevant to the cognizable claims.

D. No later than 30 days following the filing of Respondent's brief, Petitioner shall file and serve a brief in response. Petitioner shall submit no other documents unless directed to do so by the court.

E. No later than 30 days after the filing of Petitioner's brief, Respondent shall file and serve a reply brief. In the event that Respondent elects not to file a reply brief, he should inform the court by filing a notice stating that he will not file a reply brief and that the merits of the petition are therefore fully submitted for decision.

F. The Clerk of the court is directed to set a pro se case management deadline in this case using the following text: **July 1, 2014**: check for Respondent to file answer and separate brief.

6. No discovery shall be undertaken without leave of the court. *See* Rule 6 of the *Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases in the United States District Courts*.

7. Petitioner's Motion for Stay (Filing No. <u>5</u>) is denied without prejudice to reassertion.

DATED this 17th day of April, 2014.

BY THE COURT:

Richard G. Kopf

Senior United States District Judge

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